





21-14452

125 Photographic Views of Chicago





FOUNTAIN OF THE GREAT LAKES BY LORADO TAPT, GRANT PARK

125 PHOTOGRAPHIC VIEWS OF CHICAGO

IN THE ORDER IN WHICH THEY MAY BE SEEN MOST CONVENIENTLY
DURING A TOUR ABOUT THE CITY



RAND McNALLY & COMPANY

536 S. CLARK STREET, CHICAGO

42 E. TWENTY-SECOND STREET, NEW YORK

CHICAGO

26 MILES LONG,—GREATEST WIDTH 14.7 MILES—AREA 200 SQUARE MILES
FRONTAGE ON LAKE MICHIGAN 22 MILES

The Chicago region was discovered by Joliet and Marquette in 1673. La Salle put in at the mouth of the Chicago River in 1680. The original survey and plat were made in 1830. Incorporated as a town of 100 persons in 1835 and as a city of 4,107 in 1837, Chicago is now a metropolis of 3,000,000, with an average annual increase of 50,000.

There are three grand divisions of the city known as the North, South, and West Sides. These are formed by the river and its affluents from which the town took its name and which originally emptied into Lake Michigan. Joliet claimed that by means of a canal cut through a league of prairie, a boat could pass from the Great Lakes to the Mississippi River. Joliet's suggestion was realized in the opening of the Drainage Canal in 1900 at a cost of \$76,000,000. The canal is 39 miles long, has a fall of 40 feet and a flowing capacity of 14,000 cubic feet per second; it carries off Chicago sewage which formerly flowed into Lake Michigan; it serves as a great ship canal and is a generator of electricity.

Chicago is the great central market and distributing center of the United States. As a grain, lumber, live stock, and packing market Chicago stands supreme. Here is the world's foremost railroad terminus; over 1,300 trains arrive and depart daily, carrying 200,000 passengers. There are more than 100 railroad yards and 315 freight receiving stations.

Chicago has 4,700 miles of streets and alleys. Over 3,000,000 ride daily on the surface and elevated street railways, of which there is a total of 1,350 miles. There are 1,200 churches, 305 public schools, 8,000 teachers, and an annual attendance of 400,000. Chicago has 500 hotels and 120 national and state banks. The water supply drawn from two to four miles out in Lake Michigan through twelve large pumping stations, which

have a daily capacity of 1,056,000,000 gallons, is distributed through 3,871 miles of water pipe.

The public spirit of the city is one of its characteristic features. Its provisions for education are unexcelled. The University of Chicago has grown as phenomenally as the city itself. In 30 years this institution has advanced from a site of 17 acres with 4 prospective buildings to a university with 100 acres on which are 40 buildings and with total gifts now paid in of \$45,000,000.

The public libraries, art galleries, museums, and academies of science compare favorably with similar institutions in any other American city, and as an amusement center it is clearly in the front rank.

The park system is unsurpassed in the world. The total park area is 4,965 acres. There are 193 small parks, 14 large parks (connected by 80 miles of boulevards), 31 playgrounds, and 12 bathing beaches. The total annual attendance at these public places is about 40,000,000.

The Forest Preserve now has thirteen tracts with total of 17,000 acres, all easily accessible.

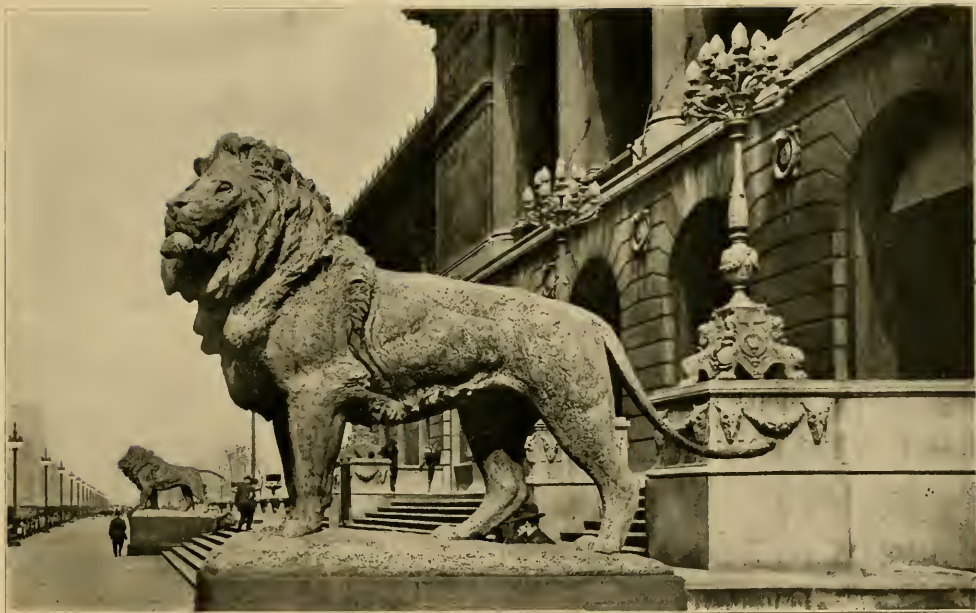
The Municipal Pier, one of the big things of the City is 3000 feet long and 292 feet wide—contains a music hall seating 4000 people. Cost \$4,000,000.

In all America there is no other big city where one can play and rest so comfortably during a summer vacation and at the same time learn so much without going to school, as in Chicago. All institutes of arts, sciences, literature and music are open all the year, and as for outdoor enjoyments, there are the many public places for golf, tennis, archery, baseball, basket ball, roque, bowling, horseback riding, etc., the wonderful Municipal Pier and the perpetual fascination of the ocean-like expanse of Lake Michigan with its varying moods and ever-shifting colors.

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AUG -9 1921



BRONZE LIONS ON STEPS OF ART INSTITUTE BY KEMEYS
The gift of Mrs. Henry Field.



THE ART INSTITUTE OF CHICAGO
Michigan Boulevard at Adams Street.



BLACKSTONE HALL
The Art Institute of Chicago.



WEST SIDE OF MICHIGAN BOULEV



VIED FROM GRANT PARK



A SCULPTURE CLASS IN THE SCHOOL OF ART
The Art Institute of Chicago.



A SKETCH CLASS IN THE SCHOOL OF ART
The Art Institute of Chicago.

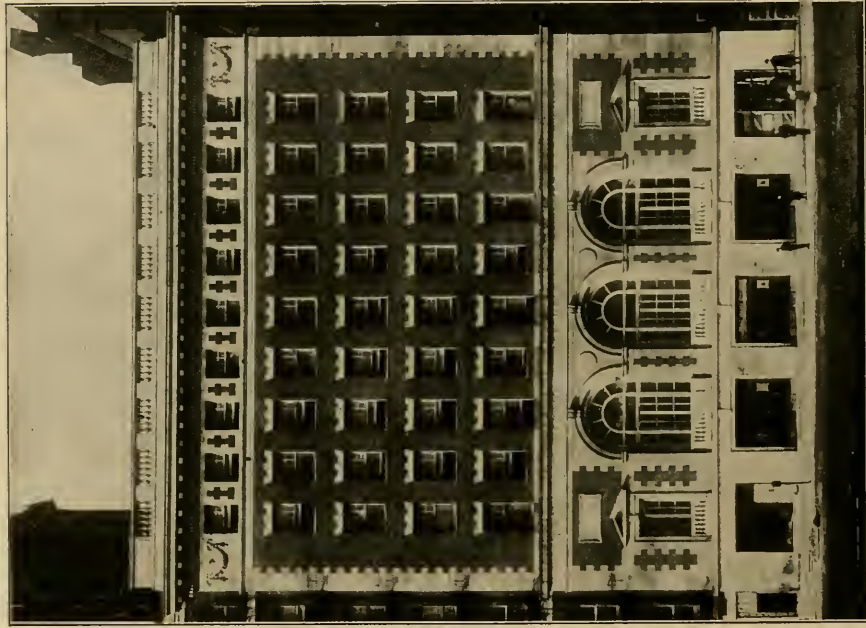


MICHIGAN BOULEVARD NORTH FROM ADAMS STREET

Showing Crerar Library at Randolph Street, the commencing of the "Link", beyond the Federal Life and the Wrigley buildings, the latter standing like a sentinel on the north bank of the Chicago River, occupying the site where the first white man's dwelling was erected in Chicago.

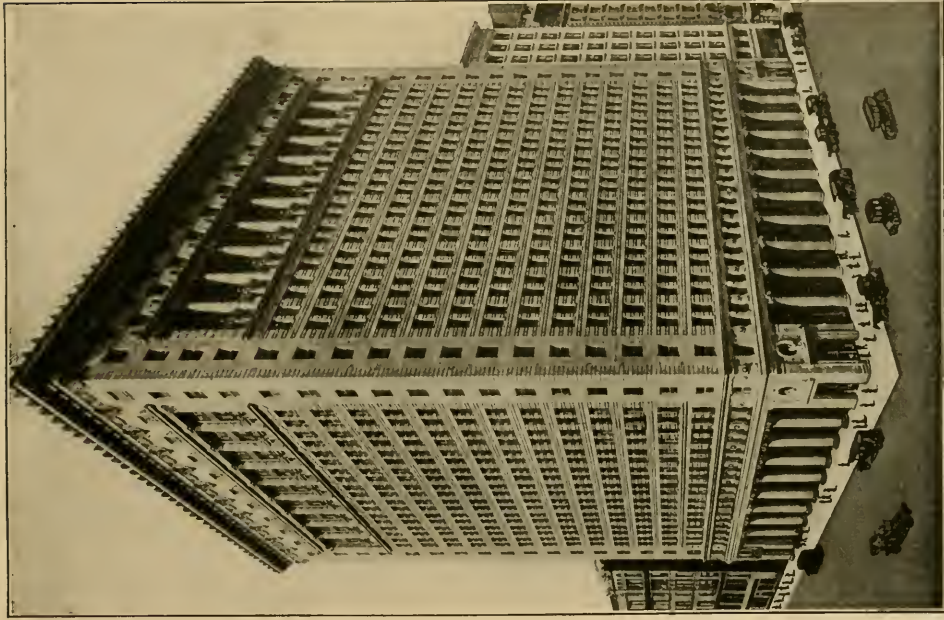


IN GRANT PARK NORTH OF ART INSTITUTE



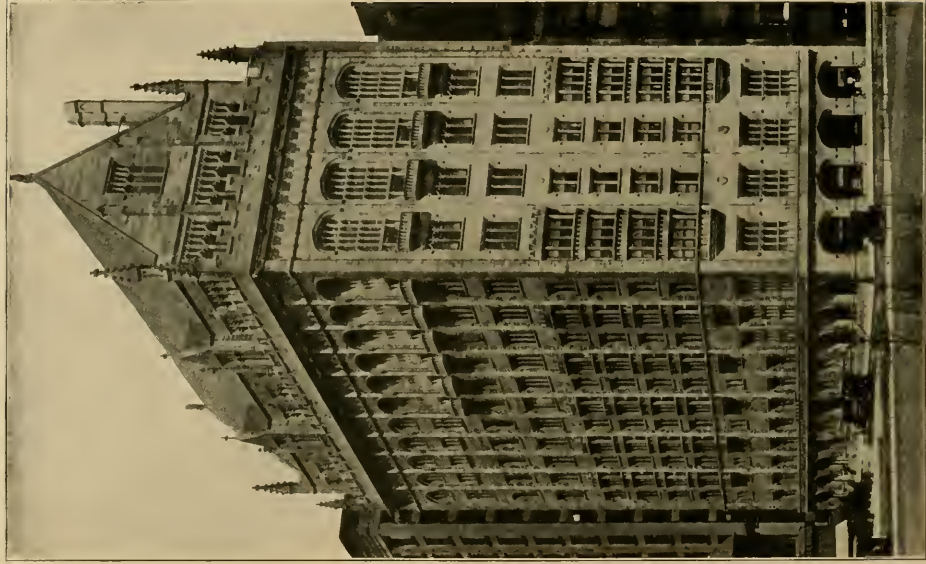
ORCHESTRA HALL

The endowed home of the Theodore Thomas Orchestra, Michigan Boulevard between Adams Street and Jackson Boulevard.



THE PEOPLES GAS BUILDING

Michigan Boulevard and Adams Street. The home of the world's greatest gas appliance and kitchen equipment store.



UNIVERSITY CLUB OF CHICAGO
Michigan Boulevard and Monroe Street.



FOUNTAIN AND PERGOLA IN GRANT PARK, FOOT OF RANDOLPH STREET



CHICAGO PUBLIC LIBRARY

Michigan Boulevard, Washington and Randolph streets. Ranks second in circulation and third in number of volumes among the public libraries of the United States.



ENTRANCE TO DELIVERY ROOM GRAND STAIRWAY
Chicago Public Library.



GENERAL VIEW OF G. A. R. MEMORIAL HALL
Chicago Public Library.



VIEW OF BOOK STACKS FROM DELIVERY ROOM
Chicago Public Library.



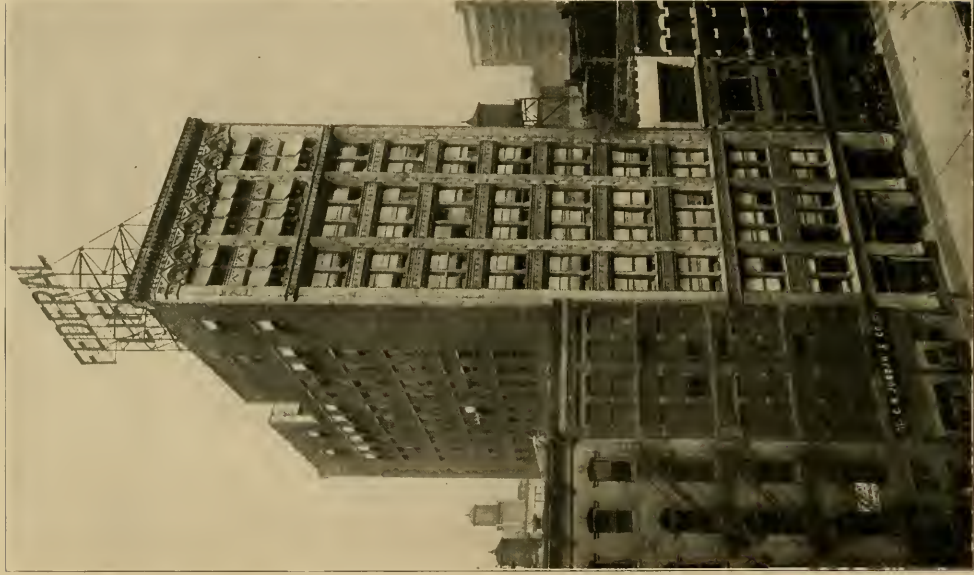
ROTUNDA OF DELIVERY ROOM
Chicago Public Library.



JOHN CRERAR LIBRARY

Northwest Corner of Michigan Boulevard and Randolph Street.

Contains 380,600 bound volumes and 140,000 pamphlets devoted principally to the social, physical, and medical sciences.

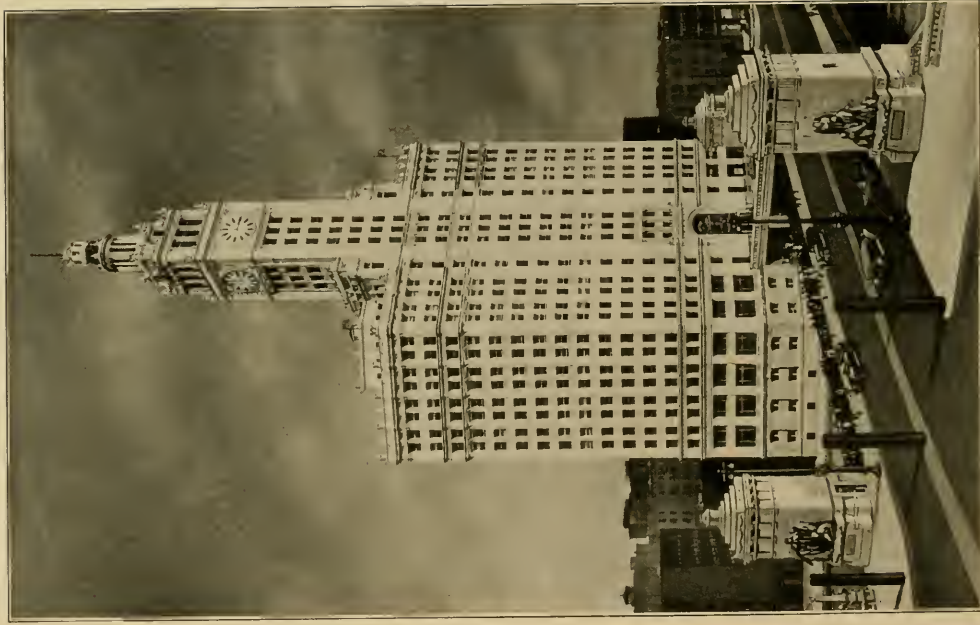


FEDERAL LIFE BUILDING



MICHIGAN BOULEVARD LINK BRIDGE

The first and only double-deck bascule bridge. The cost of the bridge and changes in approaches was \$15,000,000.

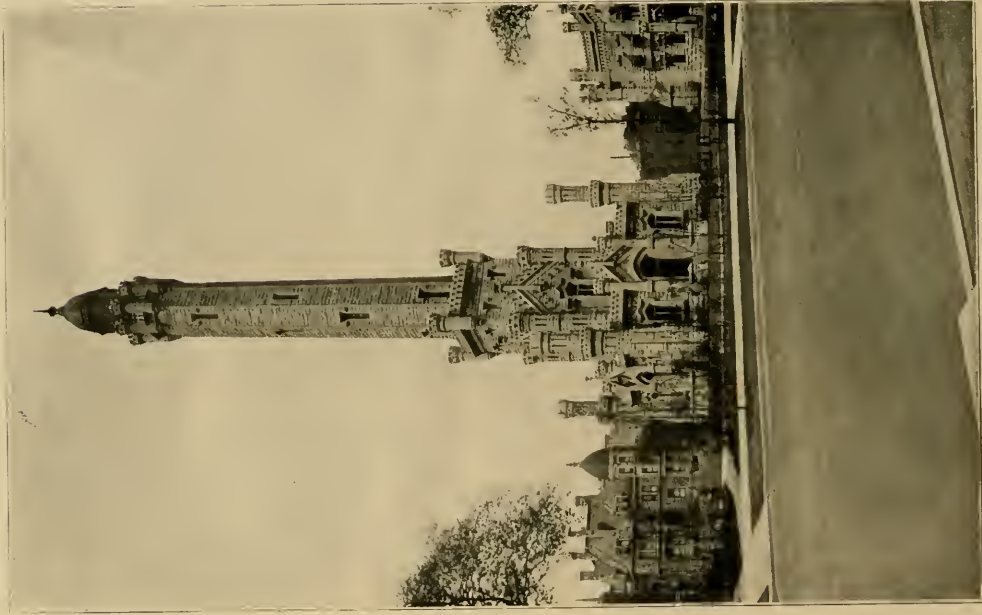


WRIGLEY BUILDING

Michigan Boulevard and North End of the Boulevard Link Bridge, on the site of the
House of Chicago's First White Settler.



MOUTH OF CHICAGO RIVER



HISTORIC WATERWORKS

Chicago Avenue and Lake Shore Drive. Constructed prior to the Chicago fire in 1871, they have served continuously as one of the city's pumping stations



CONCERT AND DANCE HALL OF MUNICIPAL PIER
3,000 feet out in Lake Michigan, seating capacity 4,000. Landing place for excursion steamboats operating locally.



MUNICIPAL PIER

3,000 feet long, 292 feet wide—total dockage 8,500 feet. Used for summer recreation purposes and for lake passenger traffic and package freight. Cost \$4,000,000.



CHICAGO HISTORICAL SOCIETY

North Dearborn and Ontario streets. Contains library of 40,000 volumes; curios, maps, and relics, etc., illustrating the history of the Middle West.



DAILY NEWS FRESH AIR SANITARIUM
Foot of Fullerton Avenue, Lincoln Park. Established 35 years.



NEWBERRY LIBRARY

Washington Square and North Clark Street. Specialties are music, history, and biography; 370,000 volumes and pamphlets.



LAKE SHORE DRIVE LOOKING NORTH FROM BURTON PLACE

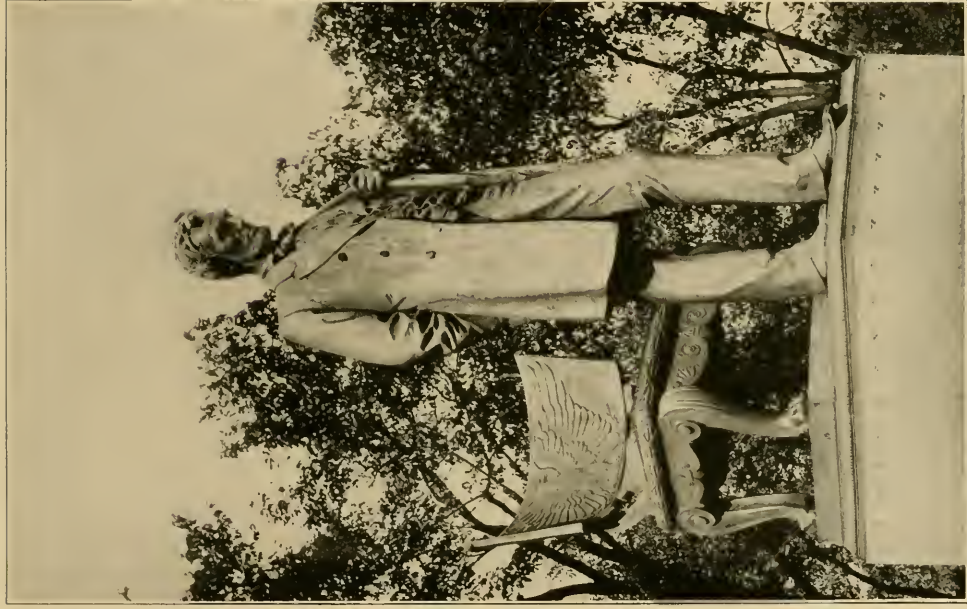


RICHARD JAMES OGLESBY. LINCOLN PARK

Major-general in Civil War, State and United States senator, and three times Governor of Illinois.



GENERAL U. S. GRANT, LINCOLN PARK
City of 200,000 citizens of Chicago. Sculptor, Louis Rebosso.



ABRAHAM LINCOLN BY AUGUSTUS ST. GAUDENS, LINCOLN PARK

One of the most admired portrait statues in the world. Gift of Eli Bates.



REFECTORY IN LINCOLN PARK



*Lincoln Park, Chicago
Photo by F. T. Robinson. 11-1-10*

KARL VON LINNÉ, LINCOLN PARK
Gift of Chicago Swedish Citizens.



IN THE "ZOO," LINCOLN PARK



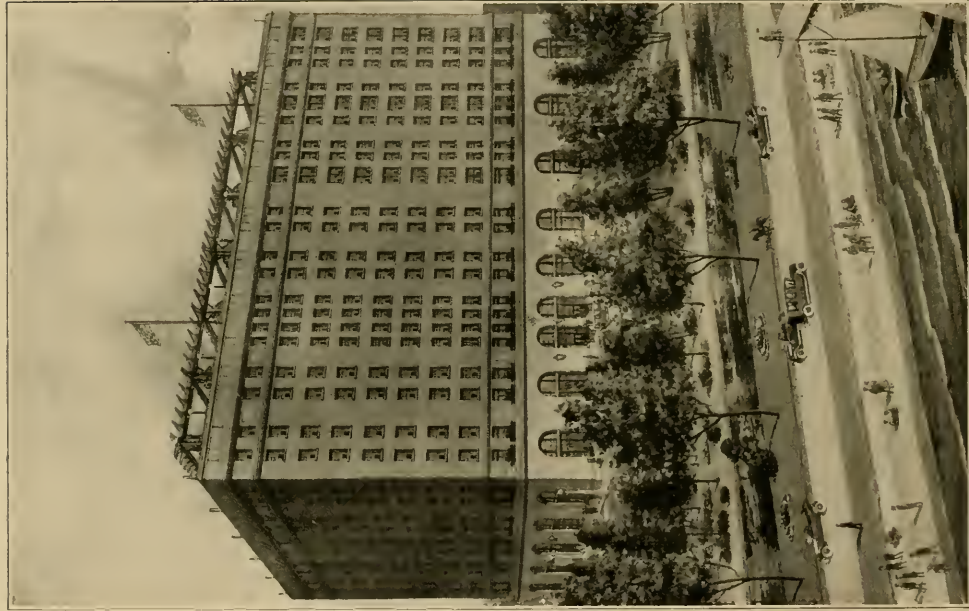
THE ALARM (OTTAWA INDIAN) MONUMENT
Lincoln Park. Bas-reliefs depict pow-wow, camp, feast-dance, and Indian at work.



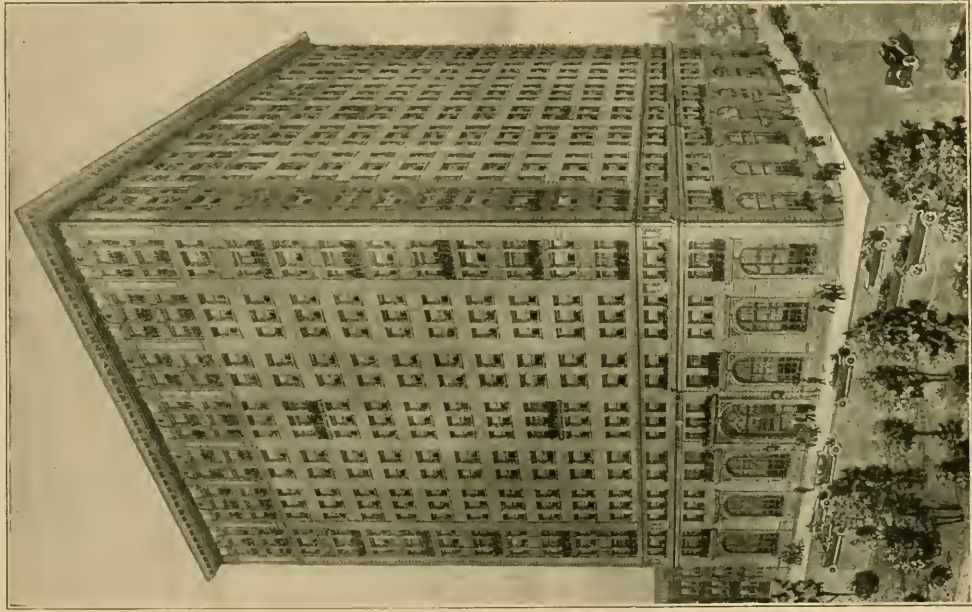
LINCOLN PARK YACHT CLUB
Temporary quarters in three-mast schooner.



ACADEMY OF SCIENCES AND MUSEUM OF NATURAL HISTORY
Center Street entrance to Lincoln Park.



PARKWAY HOTEL
Lincoln Park West and Garfield Avenue.



WEBSTER HOTEL
Lincoln Park West and Webster Avenue.

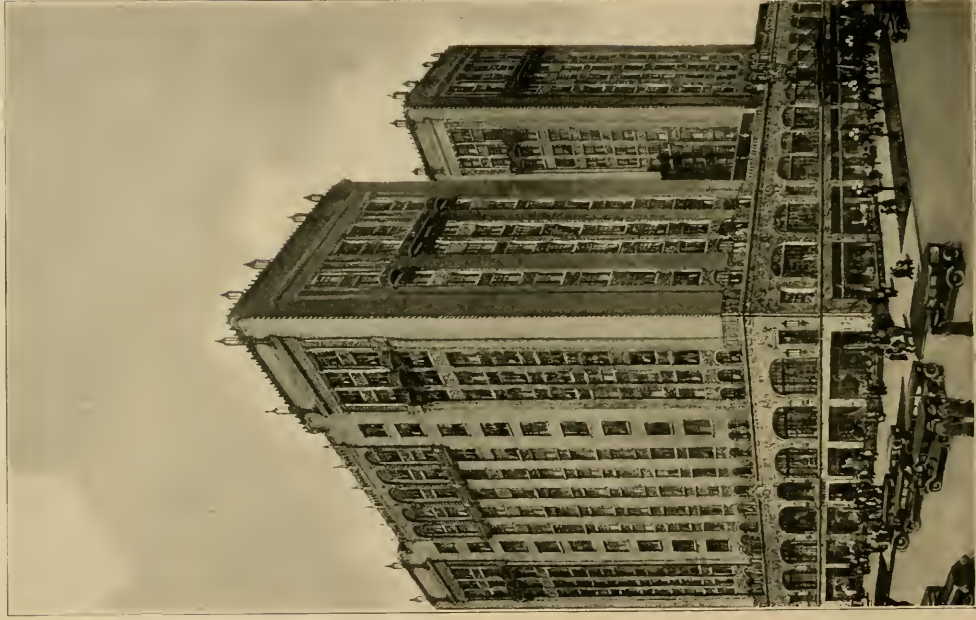


EDGEWATER BEACH HOTEL
Sheridan Road and Balmoral Avenue.

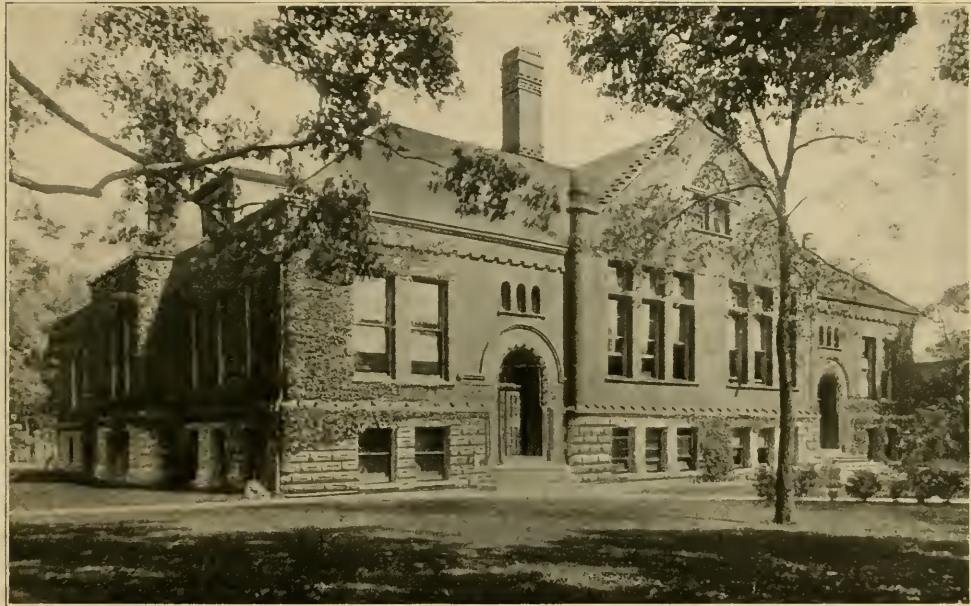


LOYOLA STATION, NORTHWESTERN ELEVATED RAILROAD

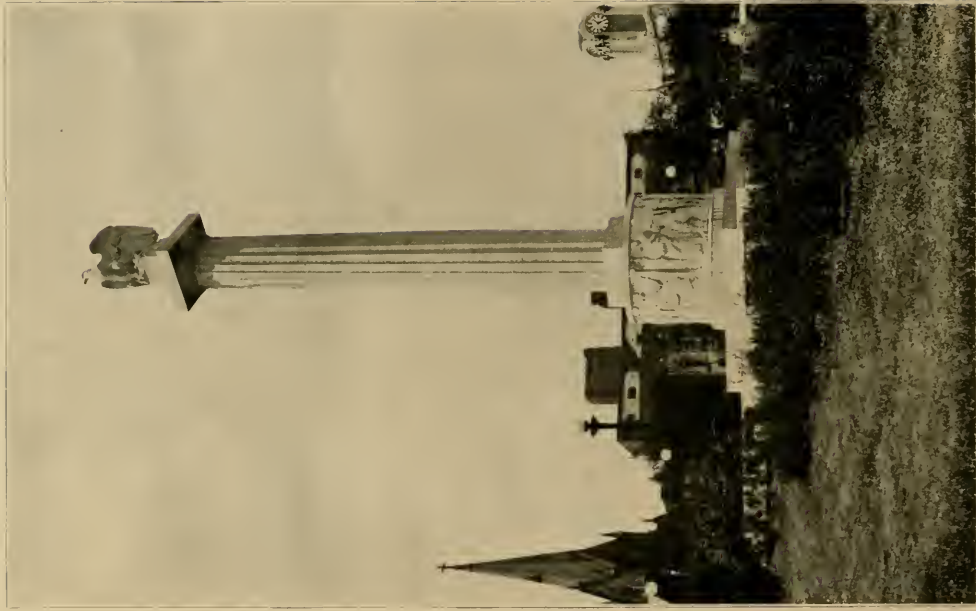
Sheridan Road and Loyola Street. Chicago is the first city possessing a noiseless elevated structure. The white concrete construction provides pleasing design and quiet elevated train operation.



SHERIDAN PLAZA HOTEL
Sheridan Road and Wilson Avenue



FAYERWEATHER HALL OF SCIENCE
Northwestern University, Evanston



ILLINOIS CENTENNIAL MONUMENT, LOGAN SQUARE

Commemorating the Centenary of the admission of Illinois as a state of the Union, December 3, 1819



POLICE HEADQUARTERS, HUMBOLDT PARK



PAVILION AND BOAT LANDING, HUMBOLDT PARK



UNION PARK
Washington and Ashland boulevards.



JEFFERSON PARK
Monroe, Adams, Loomis and Throop streets.



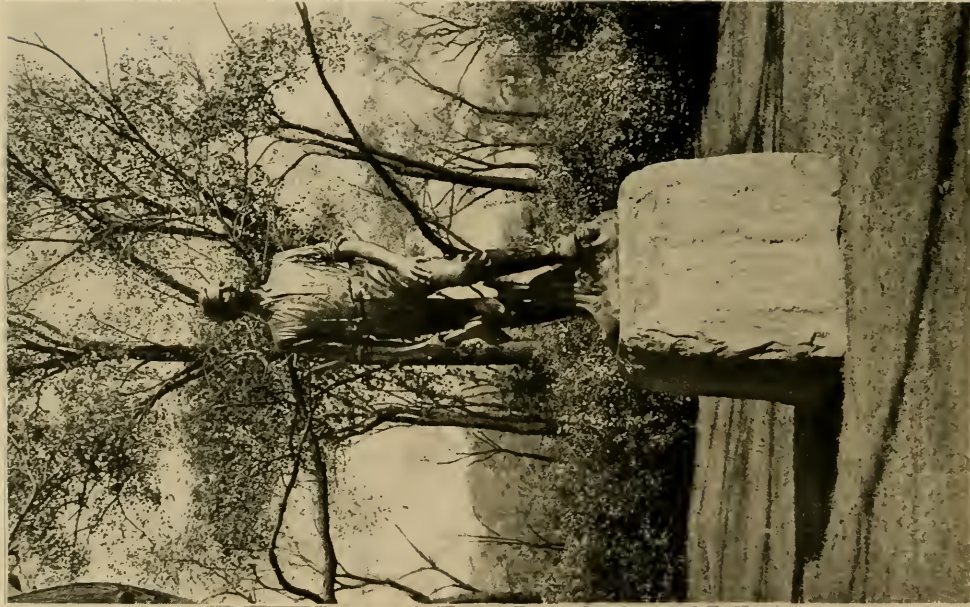
GARFIELD PARK
Restaurant, Boat House and Dance Pavilion.



MUNICIPAL BATHING BEACH, LAK
At this beach ten thousand bath



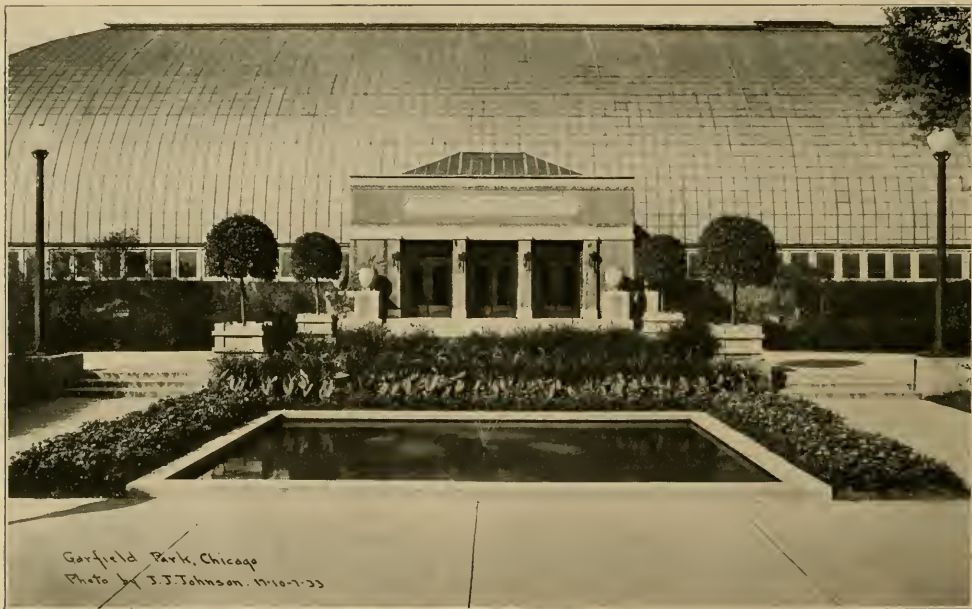
CHIGAN AND CLARENDON AVENUE.
can be accommodated at one time.



LINCOLN, THE RAIL-SPLITTER
Garfield Park, near Madison Street.



ONE OF MANY BEAUTIFUL VISTAS IN GARFIELD PARK



GARFIELD PARK
Entrance to one of the largest conservatories in the world.



DOUGLAS PARK
Restaurant and Dance Pavilion.



CARTER H. HARRISON TECHNICAL HIGH SCHOOL

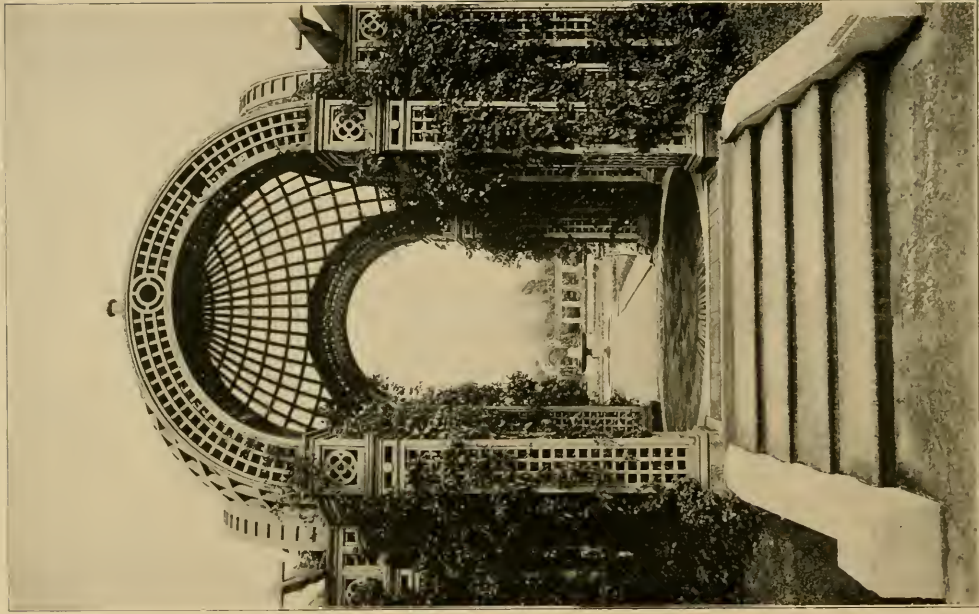
24th and Marshall Boulevard.

Total Pupil Capacity 3,510. Lunch room capacity 1,000. Average daily attendance 2,700. Cost \$1,050,000.



GENERAL GEORGE WASHINGTON

Grand Boulevard north, west entrance to Washington Park. Replica of statue in Place d'Jenna in Paris. Gift of public spirited citizens of Chicago



WASHINGTON PARK
Entrance to Arboretum.



WASHINGTON PARK

Tree planted by General U. S. Grant, December 6, 1879.



WASHINGTON PARK
Administrative offices, conservatory, etc.



ARCHERY RANGE IN WASHINGTON PARK



LORADO TAFT'S "FOUNTAIN OF TIME"

Keyed to Austin Dobson's lines: "Time goes, you say? Ah no!

Alas, Time stays, we go."

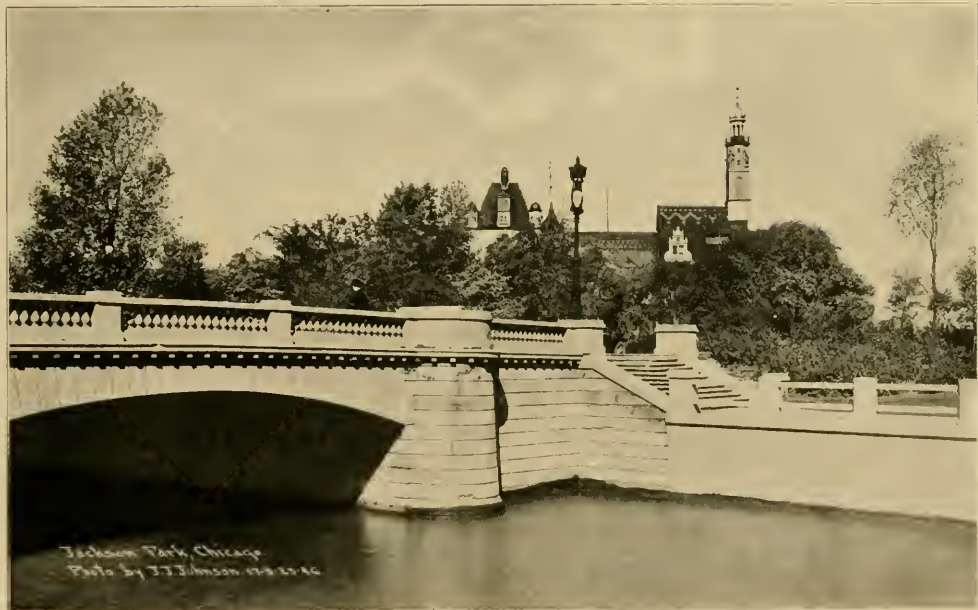
"Time sees reflected in the still water the procession of human hopes and fears, * * rising and falling in eternal motion, from the unknown to the unknown."



UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO BUILDINGS
Ida Noyes Hall. Harper Memorial Library.



SOUTH SHORE COUNTRY CLUB
72d Street and Lake Michigan.



FIFTY-NINTH STREET INLET FROM LAKE MICHIGAN TO THE LAGOONS IN JACKSON PARK



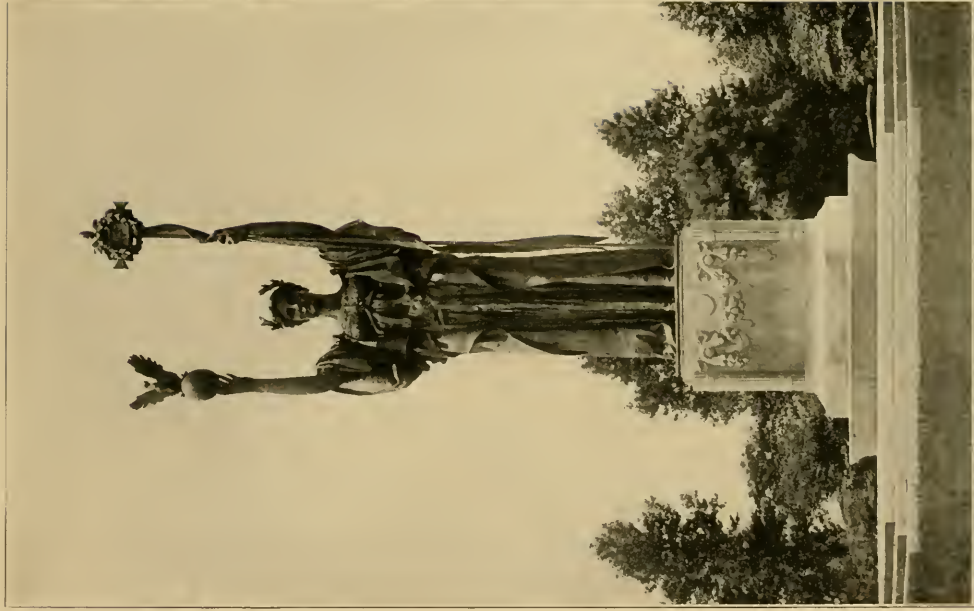
COLUMBIA BASIN AND WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION FINE ARTS BUILDING, JACKSON PARK



SOUTH LAGOON IN JACKSON PARK



BRIDGE TO WOODED ISLAND, JACKSON PARK



"THE REPUBLIC," JACKSON PARK

Bronze covered with gold. A replica of the World's Fair model, on site of the Administration Building of the Fair.



JACKSON PARK
Entrance to the Wooded Island.



Jackson Park, Chicago.
Photo by J.J. Johnson. 47-9-2342

JACKSON PARK
Row boat house, West Lagoon.

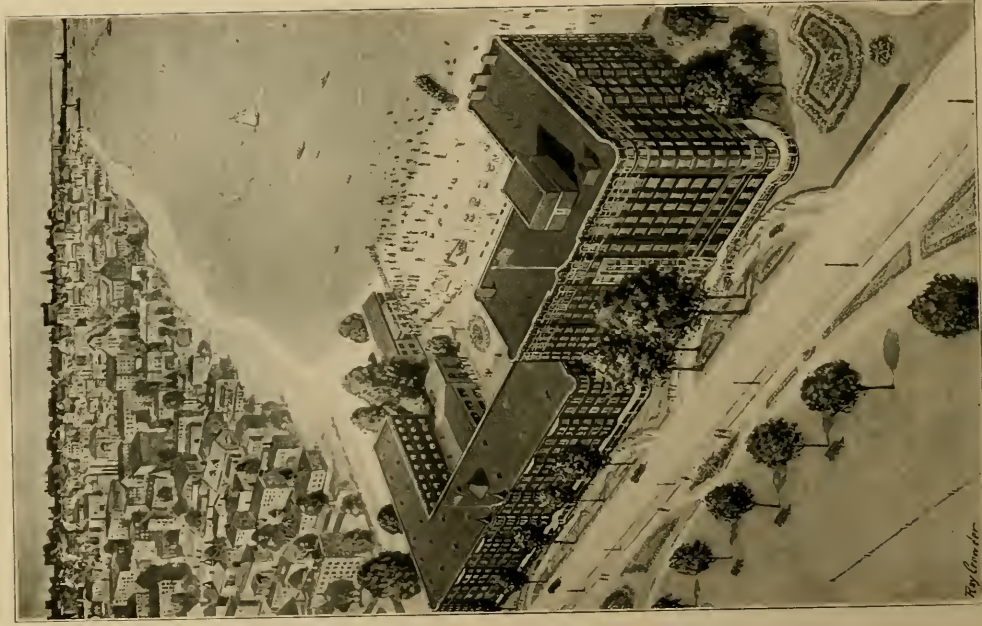


ENTRANCE TO ROSE GARDEN ON WOODDED ISLAND, JACKSON PARK
Cahokia Court House in middle distance



FIFTY-FIRST STREET BEACH

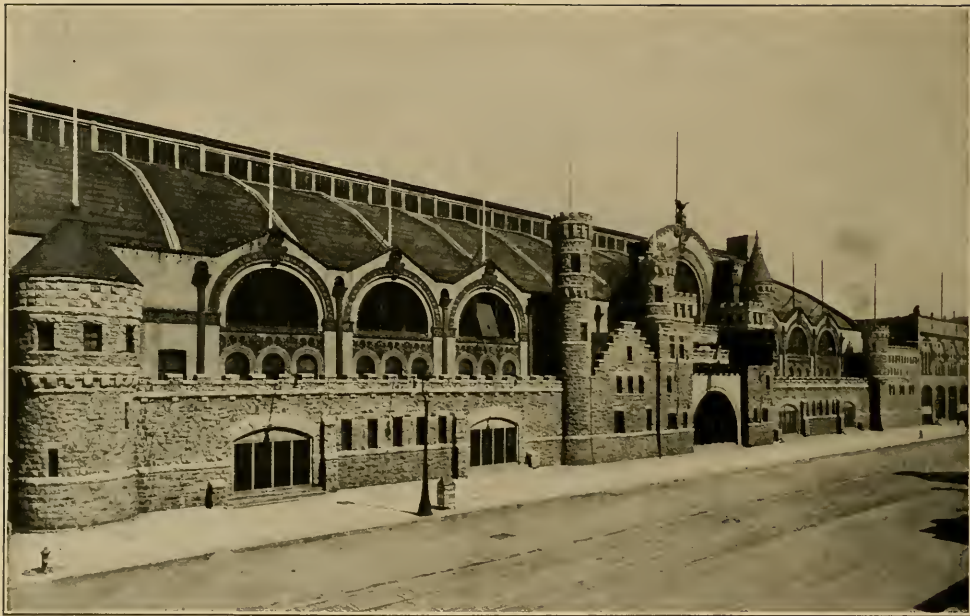
View taken from the Annex of the Chicago Beach Hotel, showing the lake shore line to the Municipal Pier, and beyond in the dim distance to Clarendon Beach.



CHICAGO BEACH HOTEL AND ANNEX
51st Street and Cornell Avenue.



BLACKSTONE MEMORIAL LIBRARY
Lake Park Avenue and Forty-ninth Street. The gift of Mrs. T. B. Blackstone.



THE COLISEUM

South Wabash Avenue between 14th and 16th streets. National conventions, land, automobile, and other great shows are held here.



FORT DEARBORN MASSACRE MONUMENT
East end of 18th Street. The gift of George M. Pullman.



FIELD MUSEUM OF NATURAL HISTORY

Grant Park, foot of Roosevelt Road. Building is 750 feet long, 350 feet wide; surrounded by balustraded terrace 60 feet wide. Marshall Field during his lifetime gave \$1,500,000 and bequeathed \$8,000,000 for construction and maintenance of the museum.



STANLEY FIELD HALL
Field Museum of Natural History.

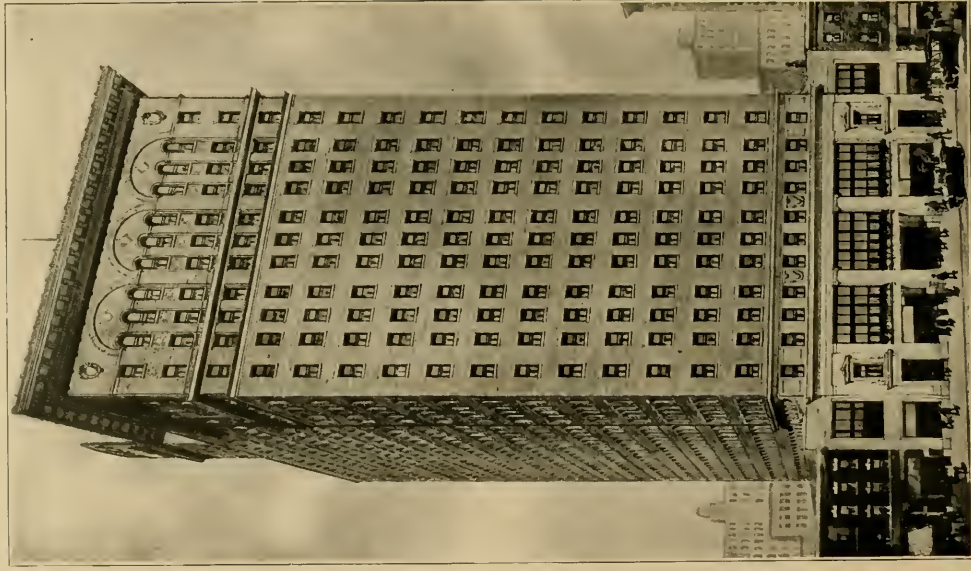


ALCOVE IN STANLEY FIELD HALL
Field Museum of Natural History.



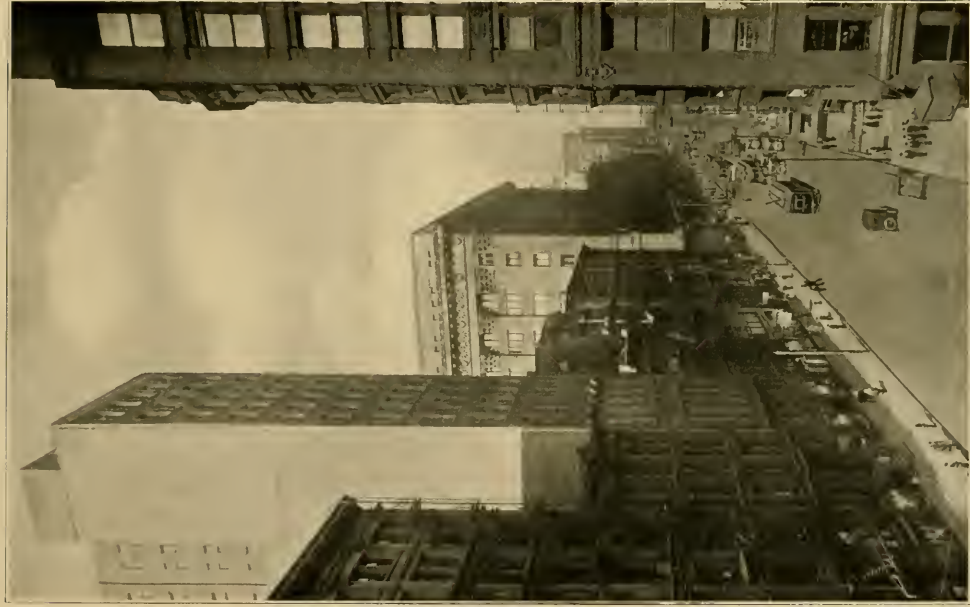
GENERAL JOHN A. LOGAN

By Augustus St. Gaudens. Grant Park at Ninth Street.

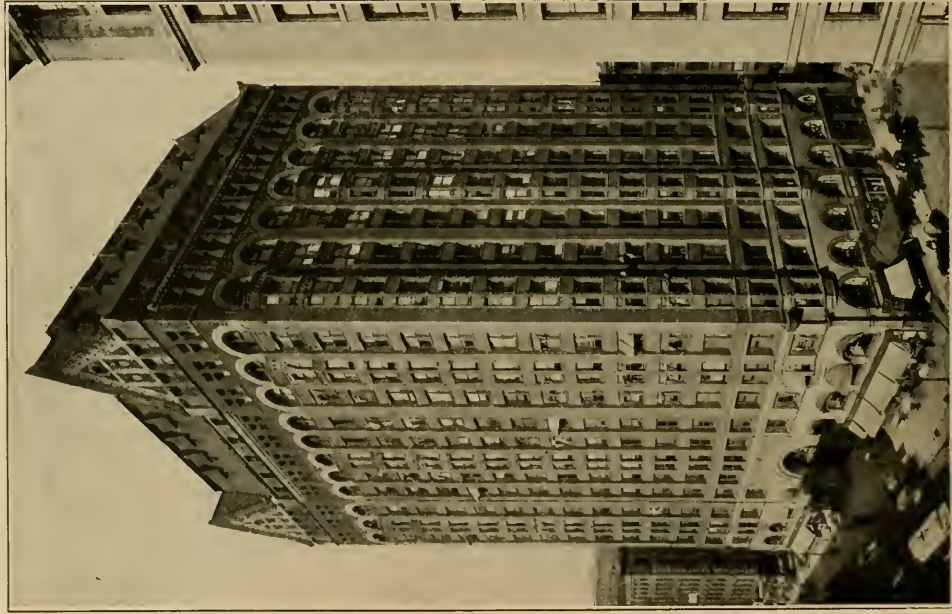


Y. M. C. A. HOTEL

822 South Wabash Avenue. Cost \$1,430,000. Financed by gifts from thirty persons, amounting to \$675,000. It is a self-service hotel of 1,360 rooms.



WASHINGTON STREET EAST FROM WELLS STREET



MASONIC TEMPLE

State and Randolph streets, 21 stories, 302 feet high, cost \$1,500,000.



MADISON STREET EAST FROM WELLS STREET



MONROE STREET EAST FROM LA SALLE STREET

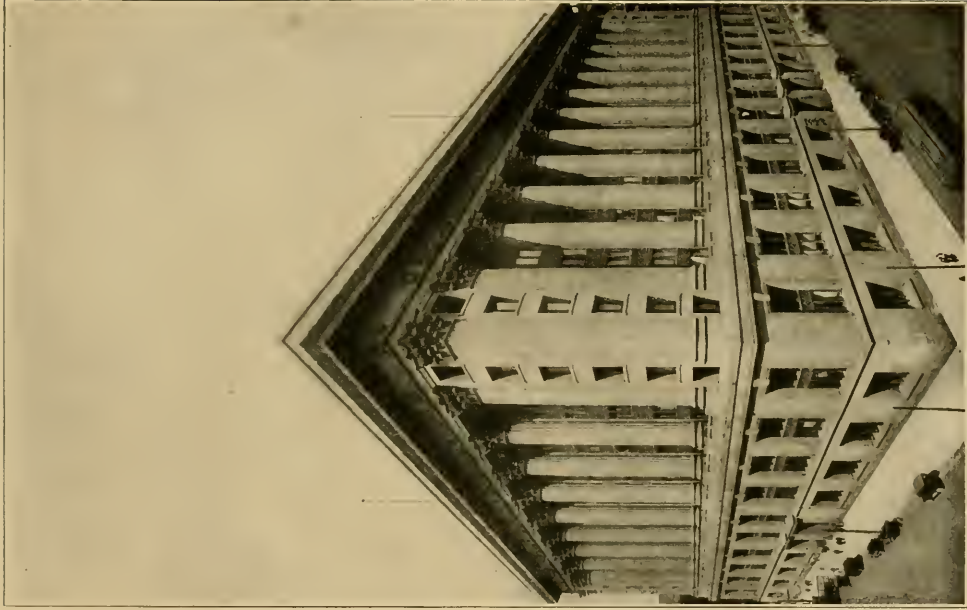


CROWDS IN FRONT OF THE DAILY NEWS OFFICE
Wells and Madison streets Waiting for the first papers off the presses containing the last "help wanted" ads.



SOUTH WATER STREET

Extends for five blocks. Commencing at 4 o'clock every week day more than 20,000 autos and wagons pour in here from freight stations and truck farms outside the city.



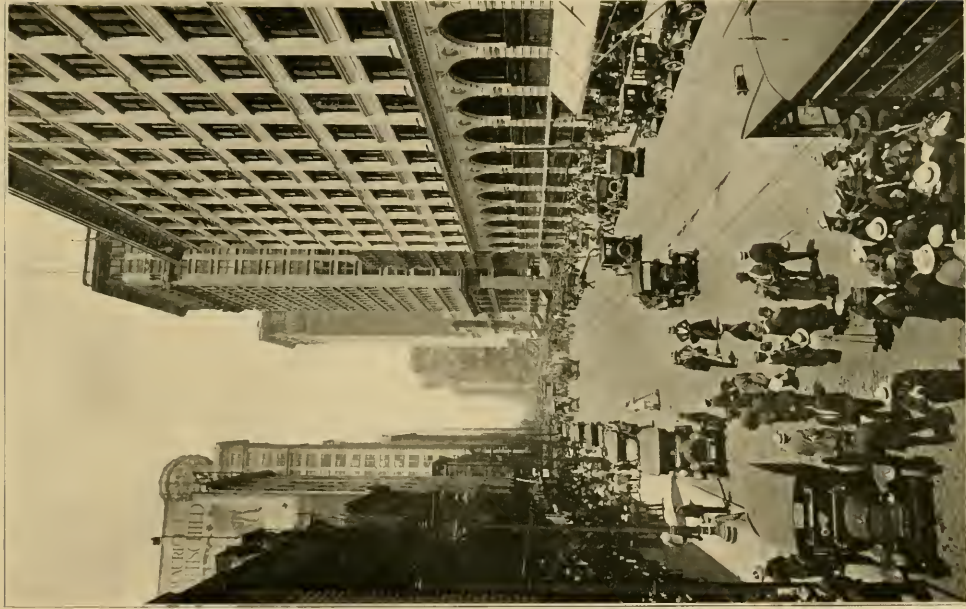
CITY AND COUNTY BUILDING

Clark, Adams, La Salle and Washington streets. Contains 24,000,000 cubic feet of space, 44,000,000 pounds of steel, and 60,000,000 pounds of granite. Cost \$10,000,000.



FEDERAL BUILDING

Clark, Adams and Dearborn streets and Jackson Boulevard. Cost \$4,757,000.

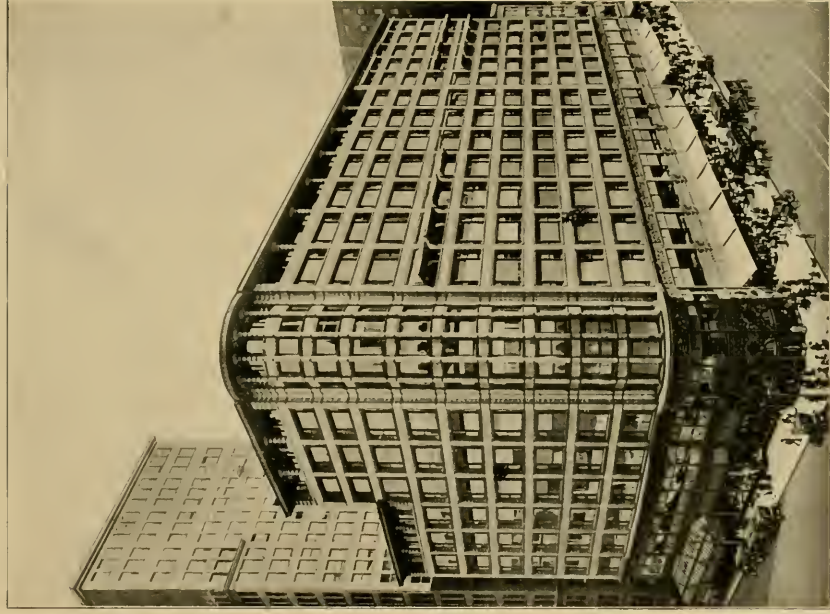


STATE STREET NORTH FROM VAN BUREN STREET

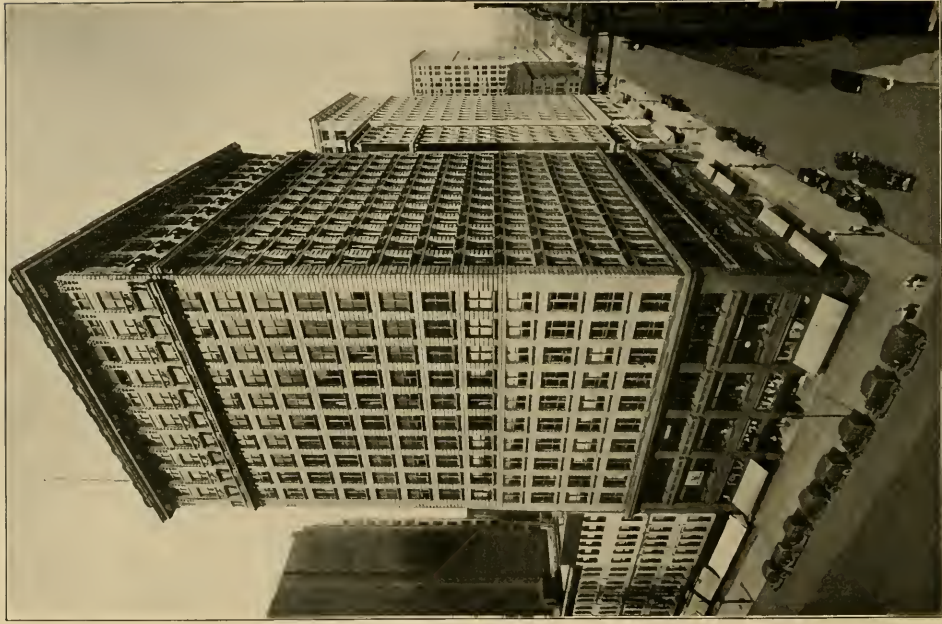
Between Van Buren and Lake streets are eight of the largest department stores in the world.



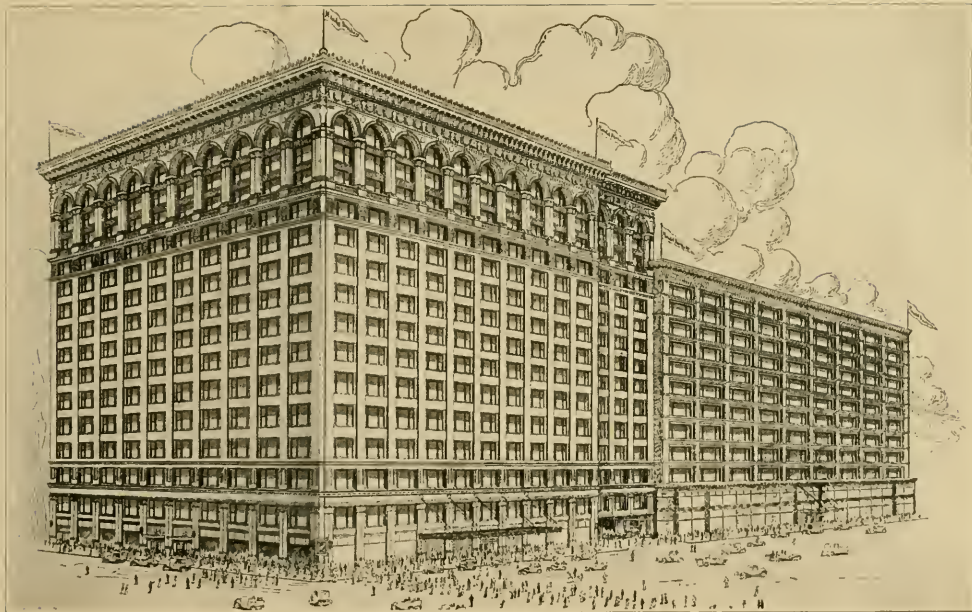
MARSHALL FIELD & CO.'S RETAIL STORE
Wabash Avenue, Randolph, State and Washington streets.



CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO.'S RETAIL STORE
"Busiest corner in the world." Southeast corner of State and Madison streets. Here all
of Chicago passes at some time during each year.



THE LYTTON BUILDING, HOME OF THE HUB CLOTHING HOUSE
State Street and Jackson Boulevard. The Hub Clothing House, one of the largest in the world, occupies
most of the space in this building.

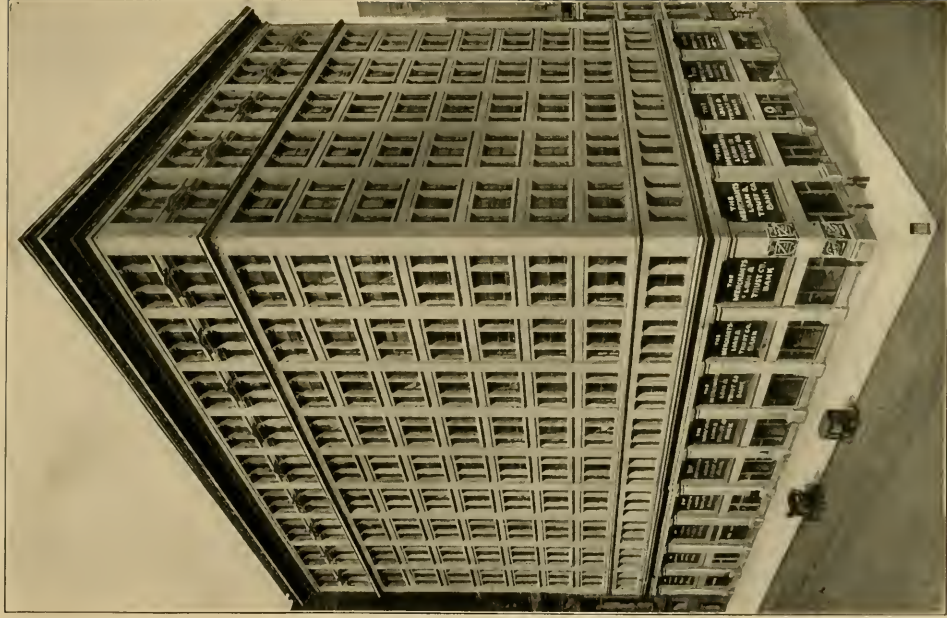


MANDEL BROTHERS RETAIL STORE

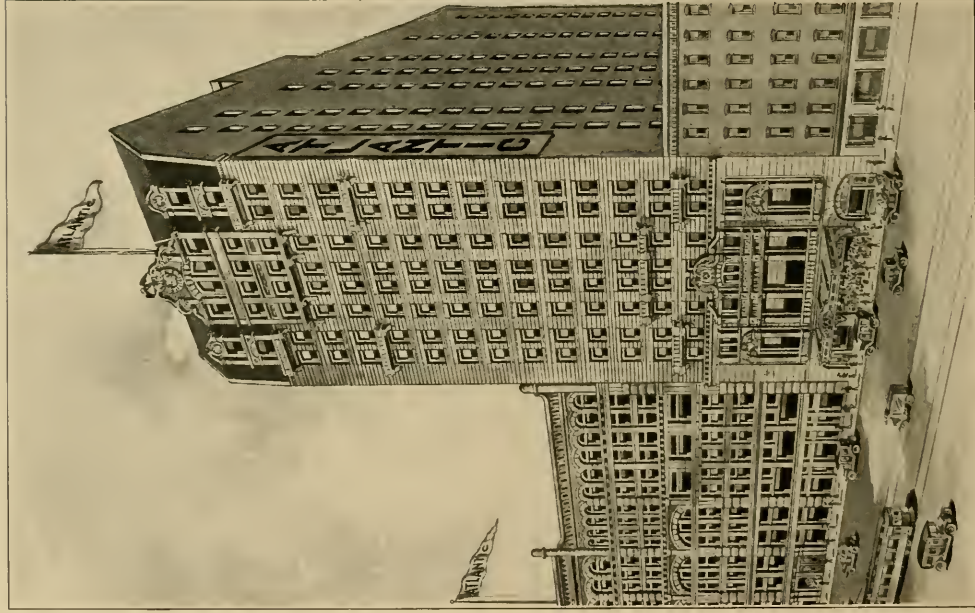
Northeast corner of State and Madison streets. These corners are nationally known as "The Busiest Corners in the World." The buildings occupy the entire frontage on north side of Madison Street from State Street to Wabash Avenue. Also one-half block on State Street and Wabash Avenue.



HOTEL PLANTERS
to North Clark Street



MERCHANTS LOAN AND TRUST BANK BUILDING
Adams and Clark streets. Home of the oldest bank in Chicago.

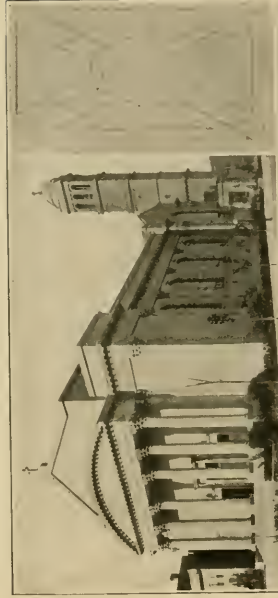


ATLANTIC HOTEL
Clark Street between Jackson Boulevard and Van Buren Street.

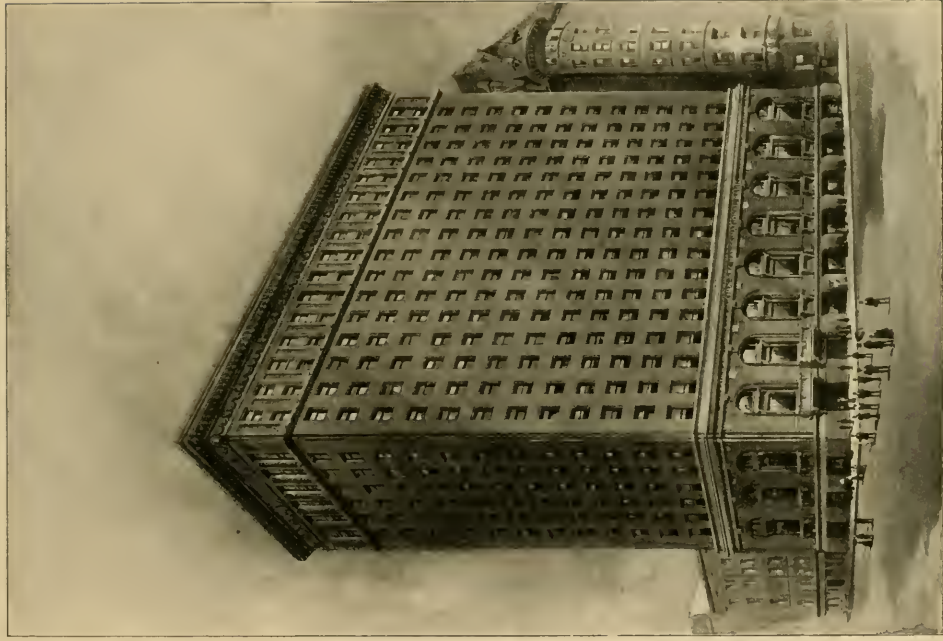


RAND McNALLY BUILDING

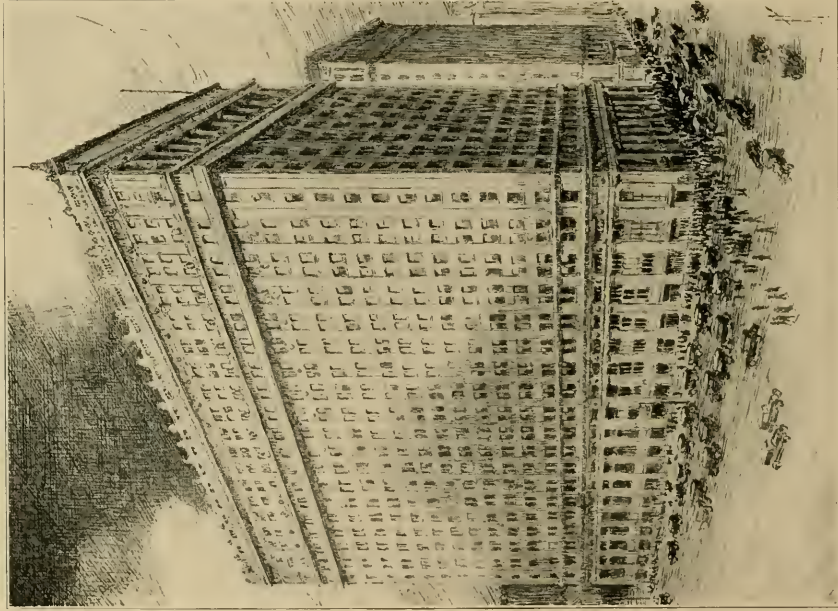
Clark, Harrison and La Salle streets. The largest and most completely equipped map, railroad, commercial printing and book publishing house in the world.
The home of the Bankers Monthly and Bankers Directory.



St. Ignatius' Church, 6559 Glenwood Avenue. Fourth Presbyterian Church, Lake Shore Drive.
Eighth Church of Christ, Scientist, 4553 Michigan Boulevard.



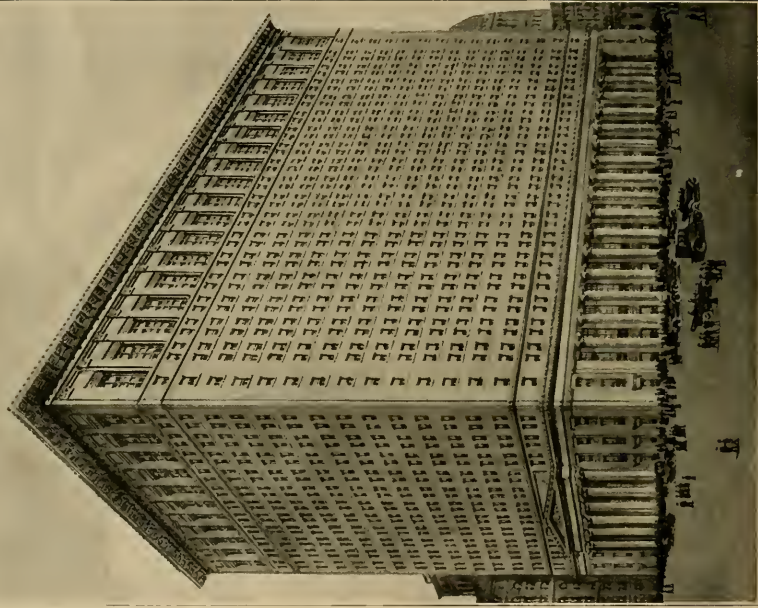
CORN EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK BUILDING
La Salle and Adams streets.



CONTINENTAL AND COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK BUILDING
La Salle and Adams streets.



ILLINOIS TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK
La Salle Street and Jackson Boulevard.



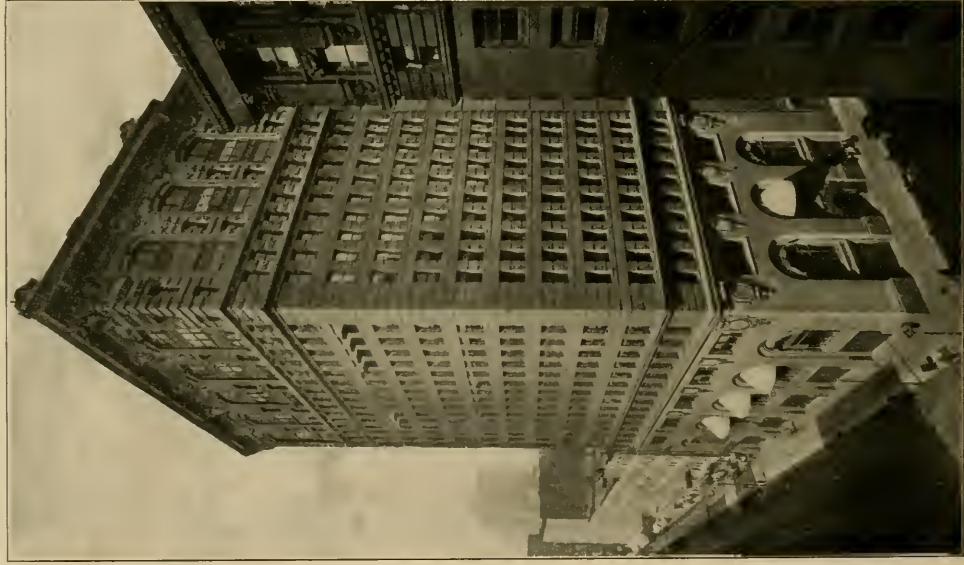
ILLINOIS MERCHANTS TRUST COMPANY AND CORN EXCHANGE
NATIONAL BANK BUILDING

Under construction. Occupying entire block north side of Jackson Boulevard, one-half block on La Salle and Clark streets.

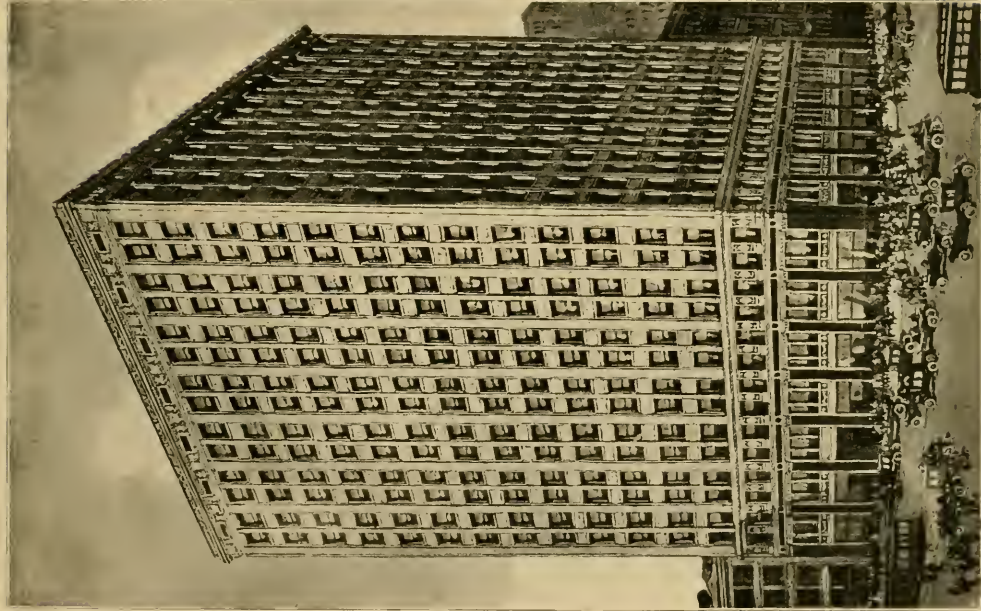


LA SALLE STREET LOOKING NORTH FROM BOARD OF TRADE

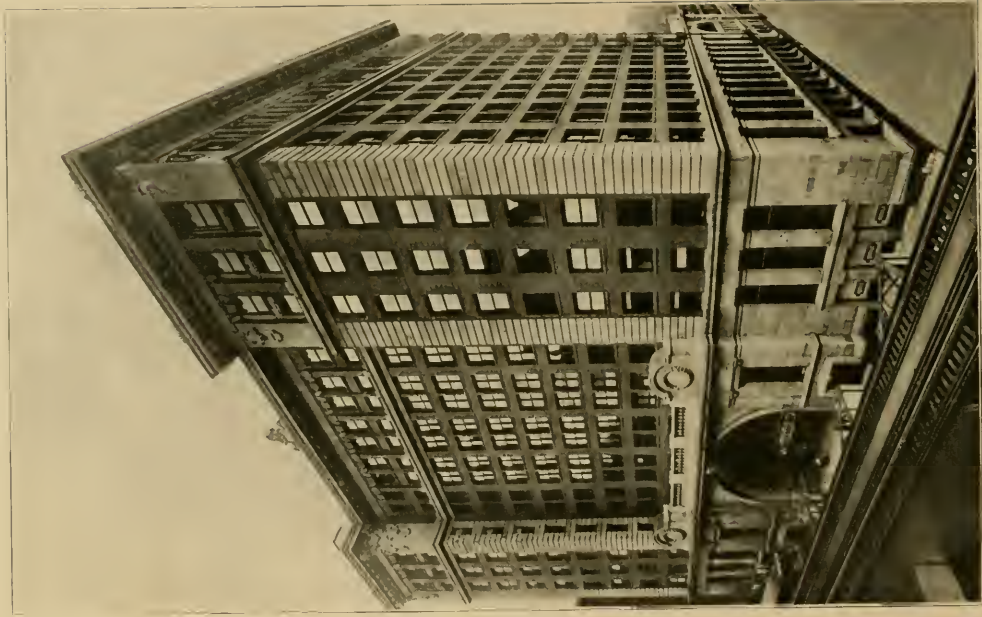
Center of financial district of Chicago. On left new Federal Bank Building. On right new Illinois Merchants Trust Co. Both in course of construction.



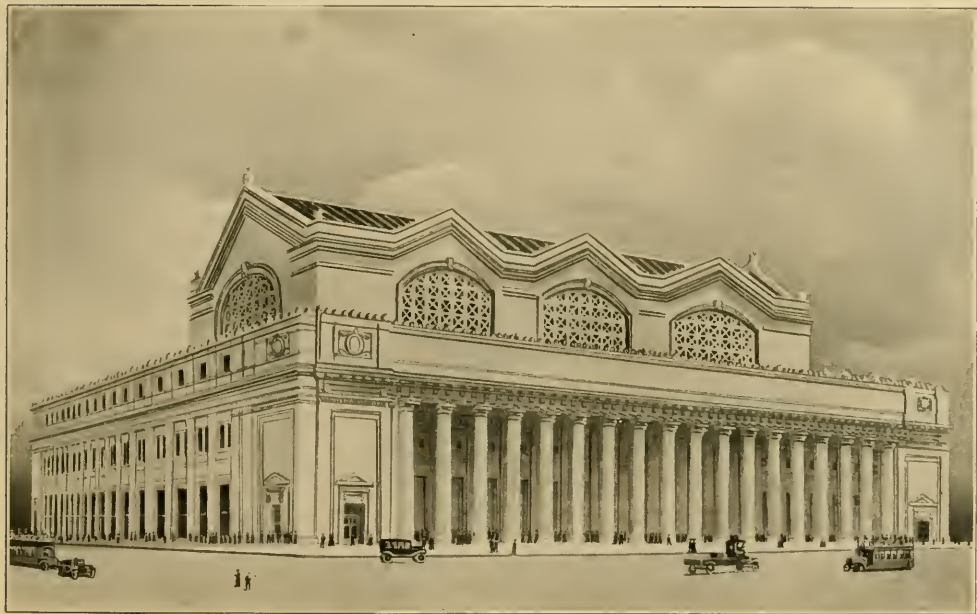
FORT DEARBORN NATIONAL BANK BUILDING
Clark and Monroe streets.



KIMBALL BUILDING
Jackson Boulevard and Wabash Avenue.



LA SALLE STREET STATION
Van Buren, Sherman, and La Salle streets.

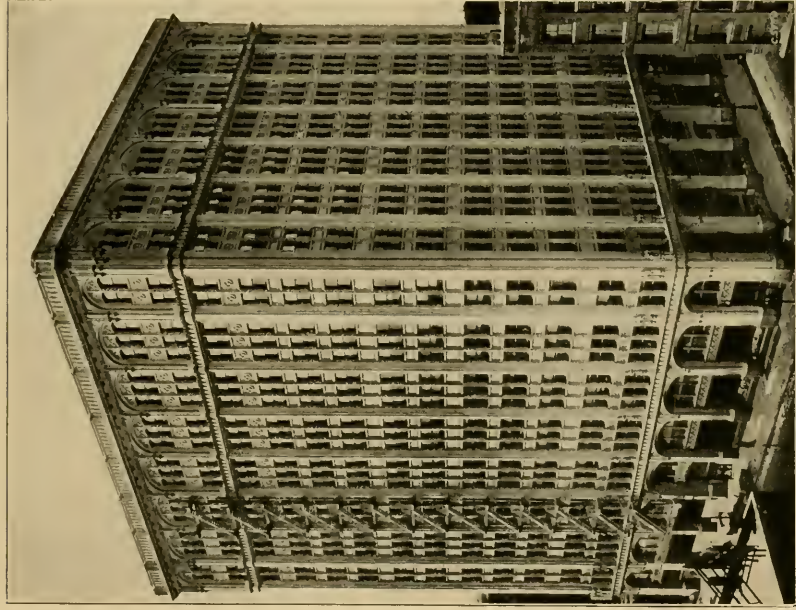


UNION STATION

In course of construction. Cost of this terminal, \$50,000,000.



CHICAGO & NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY PASSENGER TERMINAL
West Madison, Canal, and Clinton streets. The finest and most completely equipped railway station in the world.



CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY RAILROAD GENERAL OFFICES
West Jackson Boulevard and South Clinton Street.



HULL HOUSE

Halsted and Polk streets. Social settlement founded by Jane Addams.



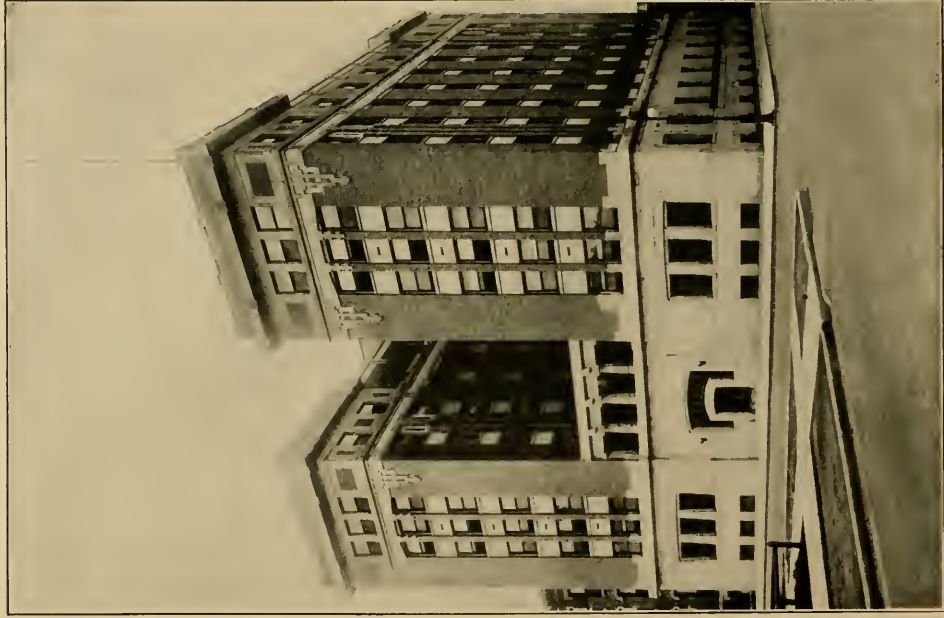
As viewed from tower 200 feet high, three large yards covering 45 acres, with water frontage of over a mile. The piling just opposite the locomotive, 1,000 in number and 60 feet long, gives an idea of the size of the plant



UNITED STATES PUBLIC
The largest single fireproof hospital in the world, 2,040 feet



2ND AVENUE HOSPITAL, NUMBER 2
100 feet wide, Roosevelt Road and Ninth Avenue (Broadview).



MOODY BIBLE HOUSE
153 Institute Place.



COOK COUNTY HOSPITAL

Harrison, Wood, and Lincoln streets. One of the most magnificent and thoroughly equipped hospital buildings in the United States.

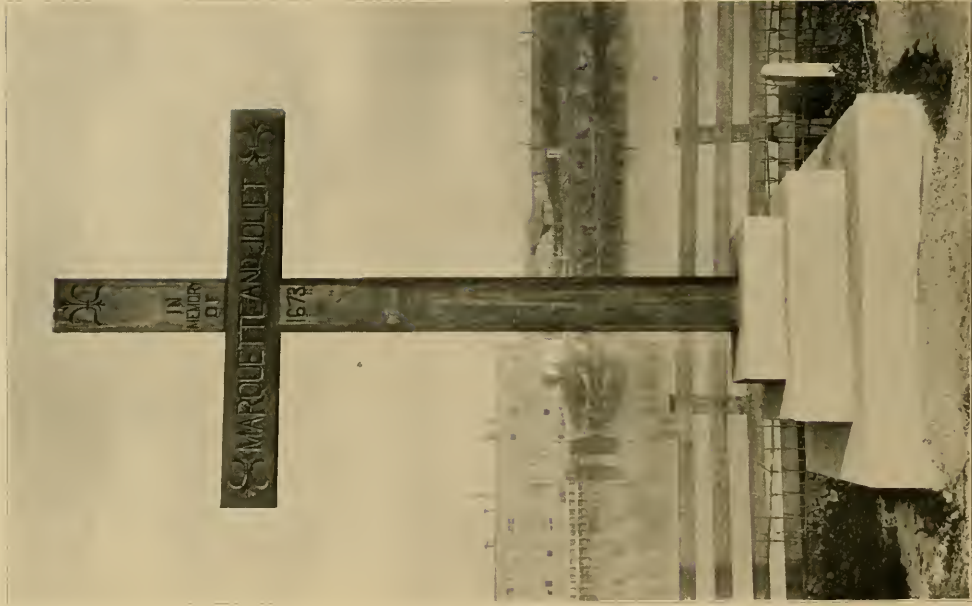


A SECTION OF UNION STOCK YARDS

The yards cover 400 acres. Accommodations for 500,000 meat animals. Annual product about \$500,000,000.



On left statue of Karel Havlicek, Douglas Park, at entrance to formal garden. Dedicated by American Bohemians of Chicago.
On right Signal of Peace, bronze. Lincoln Park.



MARQUETTE-JOLIET MEMORIAL

Wooden cross. Confluence of South Branch of the Chicago River and the Drainage Canal.
Commemorates the visit of the first white men to the present site of Chicago.



FRANKLIN - ORLEANS STREET LIFT BRIDGE
Cost of bridge and approaches, \$1,000,000.



From left to right: Thaddeus Kosciuszko, Humboldt Park; Robert Burns, Garfield Park; René Robert Cavalier, Sieur de La Salle, Lincoln Park and Leif Erikson, Humboldt Park.

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